MINA'BENTE OCHO NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN TWENTY-EIGHTH GUAM LEGISLATURE 2005 (FIRST) Regular Session

Bill No. 153 (FC)	
Introduced by:	A. B. Palacios, Stale

AN ACT TO EARMARK THE REVENUES FROM THE COLLECTION OF THE FOUR PERCENT (4%) GROSS RECEIPTS TAX ON THE SALE MEDICINE, OF PHARMACEUTICALS, MEDICAL EQUIPMENT, **MEDICAL** SUPPLIES, PROVISION OF MEDICAL SERVICES AND THE USE TAX ON THE IMPORTATION OF MEDICAL EQUIPMENT AND SPECIFICALLY UTILIZE THESE REVENUES TO FUND THE MEDICALLY INDIGENT PROGRAM, AND TO ADD NEW SUBSECTIONS (p), (q), (r), (s), AND (t) TO §2906 OF CHAPTER 2, ARTICLE 9, TITLE 10, OF THE GUAM CODE ANNOTATED. RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE MEDICALLY INDIGENT FUND WITHIN THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM:

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Section 1. Legislative findings and intent. The government of Guam currently imposes a four percent (4%) Gross Receipts Tax (GRT) on the sale of medicines, pharmaceuticals, medical supplies and the provision of medical care and services to the people of Guam. These revenues are utilized by the government of Guam for the provision of needed services to the people of Guam.

I Liheslaturan Guåhan acknowledges and finds that the provision of medical health care services to the medically indigent segment of our island community is one of the most paramount priorities of the government of Guam. Needless to say,

several hundreds of these medically indigent clients need to seek medical care and attention off-island because of the gravity and serious nature of their cardiac-related ailments and other infirmities.

I Liheslaturan Guåhan finds that there are more than ten thousand individuals who are currently enrolled in the Medically Indigent Program, of whom seventy-two percent (72%) already incurred more than Ten Million Dollars (\$10,000,000) in medical billings during the first eight months of this Fiscal Year 2005.

I Liheslaturan Guåhan also finds that, in the prioritization of needed budgetary and financial allocations for health programs, the most serious manifestation of budgetary and policy commitment on the part of the government of Guam should be largely directed towards the provision of life-sustaining health services to the economically disadvantaged and the most helpless segment of Guam's society.

I Liheslaturan Guåhan further finds that about forty percent of our island residents are medically indigent, of whom only about twenty percent qualify for Medicaid assistance, further compounding the situation.

I Liheslaturan Guåhan also finds that the determination to allocate sufficient budgetary resources to ensure the provision of critically-needed health services, especially life-sustaining, to the thousands of medically indigent residents of Guam is clearly consistent with their social and moral responsibility.

I Liheslaturan Guåhan finally acknowledges that the earmarking of continuing, specific source of funding will enhance considerably the ability of the government of Guam to sufficiently fund the Medically Indigent Program.

I Liheslaturan Guåhan, therefore, desires to earmark a specific portion of the Gross Receipts Tax revenues to fund the Medically Indigent Program.

Section 2. Allocation of Revenues. The revenues collected from the four percent (4%) Gross Receipts Tax on the sale of medicine, pharmaceuticals, medical equipment, medical supplies, provision of medical services, shall be exclusively

utilized and allocated to fund the operation of the Medically Indigent Program, thereby ensuring provision of critically-needed health services to the medically indigent population of Guam.

Section 3. Establishment of Medically Indigent Fund and Reporting Requirements. New subsections (p), (q), (r), (s), and (t) are added to §2906, Chapter 2, Article 9, Title 10, Guam Code Annotated, to read:

- "(p) Medically Indigent Fund. There is hereby created the Medically Indigent Fund, separate and apart from that of the government General Fund accounts and which shall be administered by the Department of Public Health and Social Services. This Fund, together with all interest thereon, shall be utilized exclusively for the support of the Medically Indigent Program. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the Director of Administration and the Treasurer of Guam shall deposit all the collected revenues referred to under Section 2 of this Act into the Medically Indigent Fund.
- (q) **Expenditure of the Medically Indigent Fund.** The Director of Public Health and Social Services is hereby authorized to spend the monies in the Medically Indigent Fund solely for the operation of the Medically Indigent Program, consistent with all applicable provisions of law.
- (r) Quarterly Revenue Collection Report. The Director of Revenue and Taxation shall submit to I Liheslaturan Guåhan a quarterly report, detailing the monthly amount of revenues collected from the imposition of the four percent (4%) Gross Receipts Tax as provided for under Section 2 of this Act. Likewise, the Director of Customs and Quarantine Agency shall submit to I Liheslaturan Guåhan detailing the monthly collection of use tax on the importation of medical equipment.

(s) **Expenditure Report.** The Director of Public Health and Social Services shall submit a quarterly expenditure report to I Liheslaturan Guåhan on the monthly expenditure of the Medically Indigent Fund.

- (t) **Financial Statement Report.** The Director of Administration shall submit a monthly report to I Liheslaturan Guåhan on the amount of monies deposited to the Medical Indigent Fund."
- **Section 4.** I Liheslaturan Guåhan shall appropriate from the General Fund, from time to time additional monies to the Medically Indigent Fund to supplement the financial demand of the Program.
- **Section 5.** Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the Director of Public Health and Social Services is authorized to negotiate contractual working arrangement directly with medical providers, locally or off-island, to provide needed health care services for the Medically Indigent Program.
- **Section 6. Severability.** If any provision of this law or its application to any person or circumstance is found to be invalid or contrary to law, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions and that other applications of this law can be given effect without the invalid provisions or application, and to this end the provisions of the law are severable.